TAIFLEX SCIENTIFIC CO., LTD.

Meeting Minutes of 2025 Annual Shareholders' Meeting

Time: 9:00 a.m., May 27, 2025

Place: No.1, Huanqu 3rd Rd., Qianzhen Dist., Kaohsiung City

Meeting type: physical shareholders meeting

Attendance: The shareholders present in person or by proxy represented 178,144,453 shares (including 72,796,847 shares attended through electronic means), which accounted for

69.41% of the total shares outstanding.

Directors present: Ta-Wen Sun, Fu-Le Lin, Jui-Chang Lin

Independent Directors present: Wen-I Lo, convener of the Audit Committee; Shi-Chern Yen,

convener of the Sustainable Development Committee

Guests: Guo-Sen Hung, CPA; Zong-Han Jiang, General Manager; Hui-Hsin Chou, Lawyer

Chairperson: Ta-Wen Sun, Chairperson of the Board Recorder: Yi-Jiun Chen

I. Chairperson's Opening Remarks (omitted)

II. Report Items

- 1. Distribution of 2024 remuneration to directors and compensation to employees (Please refer to the meeting agenda.)
- 2. Business report for 2024 (Please refer to the meeting agenda.)
- 3. Audit Committee's review report on 2024 financial statements. Please refer to Attachment I.
- 4. Cash dividends for 2024 earnings distribution (Please refer to the meeting agenda.)

III. Ratification Items

Item 1 (Proposed by the Board of Directors)

Subject: To ratify the 2024 financial statements

Explanation: 1. The 2024 business report and consolidated and parent company only financial statements, which were audited by Certified Public Accountants of Ernst & Young, Kuo-Sen Hung and Ching-Piao Cheng, were reviewed by the Audit Committee.

- 2. Please refer to Attachment II for the financial statements.
- 3. Please ratify the above-mentioned financial statements.

Resolution: The voting result showed that 170,572,598 votes were in favor of the proposal, which accounted for 95.74% of the total represented shares present; 39,613 votes were against the proposal; 7,532,242 votes were abstained/withhold; and there was no invalid vote. The proposal was ratified by the majority of voting rights represented at the time of voting.

IV. Discussion Items

Item 1 (Proposed by the Board of Directors)

Subject: Amendments to the Company's Articles of Incorporation

Explanation: 1. To meet operational needs and comply with amendments to the Company Act, the Company proposes to amend certain articles of its "Articles of Incorporation."

- 2. Please refer to Attachment III for the Comparison Table of Amendments to Articles of Incorporation.
- 3. The proposal is submitted for discussion and approval.

Resolution: The voting result showed that 170,830,555 votes were in favor of the proposal, which accounted for 95.89% of the total represented shares present; 28,771 votes were against the proposal; 7,285,127 votes were abstained/withhold; and there was no invalid vote. The proposal was approved by the majority of voting rights represented at the time of voting.

Item 2 (Proposed by the Board of Directors)

Subject: Release of director from non-compete restrictions

- Explanation: 1. Article 209 of the Company Act stipulates that a director who engages in conduct for personal benefit or on behalf of another party, where such conduct falls within the scope of the Company's business, must disclose the essential details of the act to the shareholders' meeting and obtain its approval.
 - 2. Due to business needs, the Company proposes to appoint a director of the Company to serve as a director of an investee company and to release the director from the restrictions of the non-compete clause. The list of director to be released is as follows:

Taiflex Scientific Co., Ltd.

List of Director to Be Released from Non-Compete Restrictions

Title	Name	Concurrent Position in Other Company	Effective Date of Release
Chairperson	Ta-Wen Sun		Upon approval by the
Champerson	1a- wen bun	Corporate representative director	shareholders' meeting

3. The proposal is submitted for discussion and approval.

Resolution: The voting result showed that 170,072,279 votes were in favor of the proposal, which accounted for 95.46% of the total represented shares present; 82,566 votes were against the proposal; 7,989,608 votes were abstained/withhold; and there was no invalid vote. The proposal was approved by the majority of voting rights represented at the time of voting.

V. Extempore Motions: None.

Shareholder Questions and Company Responses: (Questions are unrelated to the aforementioned proposals and are presented in summary form.)

Remarks and Questions from Shareholder (No. 130675):

Could the company explain the reasons behind its weaker first-quarter profit performance compared to previous years? What are the future business prospects? Have U.S. tariffs and exchange rate fluctuations impacted second-quarter exports? Once tariff rates are finalized, will the company be able to pass on the costs? Is there a risk of declining customer demand in the third and fourth quarters? Is there a possibility the company might increase its cash dividend distribution?

Response from the Chairperson or Designated Representative : (Summary below)

The main reasons for the decline in first-quarter profits include:

- 1. Recent exchange rate volatility, particularly the sharp appreciation of the New Taiwan Dollar, which adversely affected profit margins.
- 2. Ongoing capital expenditures and related investments as part of the company's long-term development strategy. These include investments in information security, green energy initiatives, ESG commitments, and the new factory in Thailand, resulting in higher depreciation costs. Additionally, the continued rise in raw material, labor, and electricity costs in recent years has placed further pressure on profitability.

Regarding U.S. tariffs and exchange rate fluctuations, these factors have indeed introduced considerable uncertainty into operations. The company has conducted comprehensive scenario planning and developed corresponding strategies, while also actively coordinating with upstream and downstream partners to mitigate the impact.

Overall, the company remains confident in the outlook for market demand, as well as in its deployment of new products and applications. It maintains an optimistic view on increasing its market share.

As for the cash dividend policy, it is implemented in accordance with the company's profitability and the Articles of Incorporation, with an emphasis on a stable and sustainable distribution approach. The company will continue to strive for strong performance and express its appreciation to shareholders through tangible actions.

VI. Meeting Adjourned: 9:26 a.m., May 27, 2025

The minutes of the shareholders' meeting only states the key points of the meeting, and the results of the resolution. The content, procedures and shareholders' speeches of the meeting are based on the video of the meeting.

Attachment I - Audit Committee's Review Report for 2024

Audit Committee's Review Report

The Board of Directors has prepared the business report, consolidated and parent company only

financial statements and earnings distribution proposal for the year ended December 31, 2024.

Certified Public Accountants of Ernst & Young, Kuo-Sen Hung and Ching-Piao Cheng, were

retained by the Board to audit the consolidated and parent company only financial statements and

they have issued audit reports.

The above-mentioned business report, consolidated and parent company only financial statements

and earnings distribution have been reviewed and determined to be correct by the Audit Committee.

We hereby submit this report in accordance with Article 14-4 of the Securities and Exchange Act

and Article 219 of the Company Act.

Taiflex Scientific Co., Ltd.

Convener of the Audit Committee: Wen-I Lo

February 26, 2025

Attachment II - Independent Auditors' Report and 2024 Consolidated Financial Statements

Independent Auditors' Report

To Taiflex Scientific Co., Ltd.

Audit opinion

We have audited the consolidated balance sheets of Taiflex Scientific Co., Ltd. and its subsidiaries (hereinafter referred to as "Taiflex Group") as of December 31, 2024 and 2023, and the related consolidated statements of comprehensive income, changes in equity and cash flows for the years then ended, and the notes to consolidated financial statements (including a summary on significant accounting policies).

In our opinion, the aforementioned consolidated financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the consolidated financial status of Taiflex Group as of December 31, 2024 and 2023, and its consolidated financial performance and cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers, and International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS), International Accounting Standards (IAS), IFRIC Interpretations (IFRIC), and SIC Interpretations (SIC) endorsed and issued into effect by the Financial Supervisory Commission of the Republic of China.

Basis for audit opinion

We conducted our audits in accordance with the Regulations Governing Financial Statement Audit and Attestation Engagements of Certified Public Accountants and auditing standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of Taiflex Group in accordance with the Norm of Professional Ethics for Certified Public Accountant of the Republic of China ("the Norm"), and we have fulfilled our other responsibilities in accordance with the Norm. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Key audit matters

Key audit matters are ones that were of most significance in our audit of the consolidated financial statements of Taiflex Group for the year ended December 31, 2024 based on our professional judgment. These matters have been covered during the audit of the overall consolidated financial statements and in forming the audit opinion. We will not express a separate opinion on these matters. Key audit matters to be communicated on the independent auditors' report are stated as follows:

1. Impairment of receivables

Net receivables generated from the selling of flexible copper-clad laminate and cover-layer amounted to NT\$3,783,834 thousand and accounted for 26% of Taiflex Group's consolidated total assets as of December 31, 2024. Hence, it was considered a material item to the Group. Loss allowance for receivables was measured at an amount equal to lifetime expected credit losses. As the measurement of expected credit losses involved judgment, analysis and estimation and the outcome would affect the net receivables, the impairment of receivables was identified as a key audit matter.

Our audit procedures included, but not limited to, the assessment on the appropriateness of expected credit loss rate for receivables, i.e., tests on the effectiveness of internal control established by the management for receivables, random selection of customers for receivable confirmations, and verification of subsequent collections, in order to assess the recoverability of receivables. We tested the accuracy of aging, analyzed changes in aging, and assessed the reasonableness of receivables with longer collection terms.

We also considered the appropriateness of disclosures on receivables and associated risks in Notes 5 and 6 to the consolidated financial statements.

2. Inventory valuation

As of December 31, 2024, net inventories of flexible copper-clad laminate and cover-layer amounted to NT\$1,652,327 thousand; thus, it was a significant item to Taiflex Group. Due to uncertainties arising from rapid changes in product technologies, allowance for inventory obsolescence and valuation losses involved significant judgment of management. Hence, it was considered a key audit item.

Our audit procedures included, but not limited to, tests on the effectiveness of internal control established by the management for inventories, such as cost carryover of inventories, assessment on inventory status, evaluation on management's stocktaking plans, and on-site observation of stocktaking at major warehouses to ensure the quantities and conditions of inventories. We assessed the accuracy of inventory aging, analyzed movements in inventory aging, and considered the expected demand and market value of inventories. We evaluated management's analyses and assessments on obsolete inventories, including the estimations on the possibility of inventory realization and net realizable value, and tested whether the allowance for writing down inventories to their net realizable value was adequate.

We also considered the appropriateness of disclosures on inventories in Notes 5 and 6 to the consolidated financial statements.

Responsibilities of management and those charged with governance for the consolidated financial statements

The responsibilities of management are to prepare the consolidated financial statements with fair presentation in accordance with the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers and IFRSs, IASs, IFRICs, and SICs endorsed and issued into effect by the Financial Supervisory Commission of the Republic of China, and maintain necessary internal controls associated with the preparation in order to ensure the financial statements are free from material misstatement arising from fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, management is also responsible for assessing the ability of Taiflex Group in continuing as a going concern, disclosing associated matters and adopting the going concern basis of accounting unless the management intends to liquidate the Group or cease its operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance of Taiflex Group (including the Audit Committee) are responsible for supervising the financial reporting process.

Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the consolidated financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance on whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement arising from fraud or error, and to issue an independent auditors' report. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with the auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error. If those amounts of misstatements, either individually or in the aggregate, could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of financial statements users, they are considered material.

We have exercised professional judgment and professional skepticism when carrying out auditing work according to the auditing standards. We also perform the following tasks:

- 1. Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement arising from fraud or error within the consolidated financial statements; design and execute appropriate counter-measures in response to those risks, and obtain sufficient and appropriate audit evidence to provide a basis for our opinion. Fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Therefore, the risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error.
- 2. Understand internal controls relevant to the audit in order to design appropriate audit procedures under the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Taiflex Group's internal control.
- 3. Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies adopted and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and relevant disclosures made by management.
- 4. Based on the audit evidence obtained, we conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and whether a material uncertainty exists for events or conditions that may cast significant doubts on Taiflex Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If we are of the opinion that a material uncertainty exists, we shall remind users of the consolidated financial statements to pay attention to relevant disclosures in the notes to those statements within our audit report. If such disclosures are inadequate, we need to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditors' report. However, future events or conditions may result in Taiflex Group ceasing to continue as a going concern.
- 5. Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements (including relevant notes), and whether the consolidated financial statements adequately represent the underlying transactions and events.
- 6. Obtain sufficient and appropriate audit evidence concerning the financial information of entities within Taiflex Group to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision, and performance of the audit and the preparation of an audit opinion on the Group.

Matters communicated between us and the governance bodies include the planned scope and timing of the audit, and significant audit findings (including any significant deficiencies in internal control identified during the audit).

We also provide governance bodies with a declaration that we have complied with the Norm regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may possibly be deemed to impair our independence (including relevant preventive measures).

From the matters communicated with governance bodies, we determine the key audit matters within the audit of Taiflex Group's consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2024. We have clearly indicated such matters in the independent auditors' report, unless legal regulations prohibit the public disclosure of specific items, or in extremely rare cases, where we decided not to communicate over specific items in the independent auditors' report for it could be reasonably anticipated that the negative effects of such disclosure would be greater than the public interest it brings forth.

Others

Taiflex Scientific Co., Ltd. has also prepared parent company only financial statements for the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023, which we had audited and issued an unqualified opinion.

Ernst & Young, Taiwan

February 26, 2025

TAIFLEX SCIENTIFIC COMPANY LIMITED AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

December 31, 2024 and 2023 (In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

Assets	Notes	D	ecember 31, 2024	December 31, 2023		
Current assets						
Cash and cash equivalents	4, 6(1)	\$	\$2,889,347	\$	1,965,421	
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss -						
current	4, 6(2)		32,401		32,713	
Financial assets at amortized cost - current	4, 6(3)		200,000		-	
Notes receivable, net	4, 6(4)		627,810		720,982	
Accounts receivable, net	4, 6(5)		3,156,024		3,095,035	
Other receivables	7		97,983		52,913	
Inventories, net	4, 6(6)		1,652,327		1,409,726	
Prepayments			71,131		48,981	
Other current assets	8		49,221		48,789	
Total current assets			8,776,244		7,374,560	
Non-current assets						
Financial assets at fair value through other						
comprehensive income - non-current	4, 6(7)		436,144		426,661	
Investments accounted for using the equity method	4, 6(8)		10,252		15,152	
Property, plant and equipment	4, 6(9)		4,725,152		4,529,075	
Right-of-use assets	4, 6(21)		285,140		363,168	
Intangible assets	4, 6(10,11)		142,075		151,100	
Deferred income tax assets	4, 6(24)		135,495		157,049	
Other non-current assets			16,989		14,697	
Total non-current assets			5,751,247		5,656,902	

Total assets	\$ 14,527,491	\$ 13,031,462
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(The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial statements.)

(Continued)

TAIFLEX SCIENTIFIC COMPANY LIMITED AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS-(Continued)

December 31, 2024 and 2023

(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

Liabilities and Equity	Notes	Dec	cember 31, 2024	December 31, 2023		
Current liabilities						
Short-term loans	6(12)	\$	343,783	\$	218,859	
Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss -	` '		,		,	
current	4, 6(13)		2,254		1,570	
Contract liabilities - current	4, 6(19)		1,156		1,473	
Notes payable			41,761		18,578	
Accounts payable			1,332,192		1,042,424	
Other payables	7		817,028		652,002	
Current income tax liabilities	4, 6(24)		245,002		216,706	
Lease liabilities - current	4, 6(21)		18,759		19,775	
Current portion of bonds	6(14)		-		1,891,501	
Current portion of long-term loans	6(15)		19,497		36,457	
Other current liabilities			4,493		3,890	
Total current liabilities			2,825,925		4,103,235	
Non-current liabilities						
Bonds payable	6(14)		245,543		-	
Long-term loans	6(15)		324,836		345,524	
Deferred income tax liabilities	4, 6(24)		148,006		118,076	
Lease liabilities - non-current	4, 6(21)		200,916		247,359	
Net defined benefit liabilities - non-current	4, 6(16)		114,999		132,642	
Other non-current liabilities	4, 12		1,741		15,999	
Total non-current liabilities			1,036,041		859,600	
Total liabilities			3,861,966		4,962,835	
Equity attributable to shareholders of the parent						
Capital	6(17)					
Common stock			2,549,117		2,091,197	
Capital collected in advance			13,653		-	
Total capital			2,562,770		2,091,197	
Capital surplus	6(17)	-	2,322,316		1,026,197	
Retained earnings	` '		, ,		, ,	
Legal reserve			1,208,439		1,163,891	
Special reserve			164,692		310,176	
Unappropriated earnings			4,211,013		3,560,533	
Total retained earnings		-	5,584,144		5,034,600	
Others	4	-	174,798		(164,692)	
Total equity attributable to shareholders of the					(1 ,11)	
parent			10,644,028		7,987,302	
Non-controlling interests	4, 6(17)		21,497		81,325	
Total equity			10,665,525		8,068,627	
Total liabilities and equity		\$	14,527,491	\$	13,031,462	

(The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial statements.)

(Concluded)

TAIFLEX SCIENTIFIC COMPANY LIMITED AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

For the Years Ended December 31, 2024 and 2023 (In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

	Notes		2024		2023
Operating revenue	4, 6(19)	\$	9,938,135	\$	8,150,519
Operating costs	4, 6(6,22)		(7,800,358)		(6,359,012)
Gross profit			2,137,777		1,791,507
Operating expenses	4, 6(22)				
Sales and marketing expenses			(503,523)		(455,450)
General and administrative expenses			(548,778)		(478,979)
Research and development expenses			(394,321)		(366,518)
Expected credit loss	6(20)		(28,434)		(2,962)
Total operating expenses			(1,475,056)		(1,303,909)
Operating income			662,721		487,598
Non-operating income and expenses	6(23)				
Interest income			36,731		27,568
Other income			26,168		47,126
Other gains and losses			38,405		(36,355)
Finance costs			(31,345)		(32,456)
Expected credit loss	6(20)		(29,571)		-
Share of profit or loss of associates accounted for using the					
equity method	4, 6(8)		(2,109)		(11,162)
Total non-operating income and expenses			38,279		(5,279)
Income before income tax			701,000		482,319
Income tax expense	4, 6(24)		(168,512)		(121,596)
Net income from continuing operations			532,488		360,723
Net income			532,488		360,723
Other comprehensive income (loss)	6(23)				
Items that will not be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss					
Remeasurement of defined benefit plan			21,643		28,134
Unrealized gain on investments in equity instruments at fair					
value through other comprehensive income			465,128		170,972
Income tax related to items that will not be reclassified			(4.220)		(5.626)
subsequently			(4,329)		(5,626)
Items that may be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss			150.020		(22, 442)
Exchange differences on translation of foreign operations			159,930		(32,443)
Income tax related to items that may be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss			(31,974)		6,488
Total other comprehensive income (loss), net of tax			610,398		167,525
Total comprehensive income (1088), liet of tax Total comprehensive income		\$	1,142,886	\$	528,248
Total comprehensive nicome		Φ	1,142,000	Ф	320,240
Net income attributable to:	4 ((17.25)				
Shareholders of the parent	4, 6(17,25)	\$	592,776	¢.	422,974
		Ф		\$	
Non-controlling interests		Φ.	(60,288)	Ф.	(62,251)
		\$	532,488	\$	360,723
Total comprehensive income (loss) attributable to:		Φ	1 202 71 4	Φ	500.066
Shareholders of the parent		\$	1,202,714	\$	590,966
Non-controlling interests			(59,828)		(62,718)
		\$	1,142,886	\$	528,248
Earnings per share (NT\$)	4, 6(25)			_	
Earnings per share - basic		\$	2.53	\$	1.93
Earnings per share - diluted		\$	2.32	\$	1.66

(The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial statements.)

TAIFLEX SCIENTIFIC COMPANY LIMITED AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

For the Years Ended December 31, 2024 and 2023 (In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

	Equity Attributable to Shareholders of the Parent																			
<u>-</u>		Capi	tal		_			ı ı	Retair	ned Earnings				Oth						
Item		ommon Stock	Cap Collec Adva	ted in		Capital Surplus		Legal Reserve		Special Reserve		ppropriated arnings	Diff Trai	xchange erences on nslation of Foreign perations	(I Finar at F thro Com	alized Gain Loss) on acial Assets Fair Value ugh Other prehensive ncome		Total	Controlling nterests	Total Equity
Balance as of January 1, 2023	\$	2,091,197	\$	_	\$	1,140,566	\$	1,089,400	\$	235,996	\$	3,661,049	\$	(171,006)	\$	(139,170)	\$	7,908,032	\$ 144,043	\$ 8,052,075
Appropriation and distribution of 2022 earnings Legal reserve Special reserve Cash dividends for common stocks								74,491		74,180		(74,491) (74,180) (397,327)						(397,327)		(397,327)
Changes in other capital surplus																				
Changes from investments in associates accounted for using the equity method Cash dividends from capital surplus						73 (125,472)												73 (125,472)		73 (125,472)
Net income for the year ended December 31, 2023												422,974						422,974	(62,251)	360,723
Other comprehensive income (loss) for the year ended December 31, 2023												22,508		(25,488)		170,972		167,992	(467)	167,525
Total comprehensive income				-		-		-		-		445,482		(25,488)		170,972		590,966	(62,718)	528,248
Disposal of investments accounted for using the equity method Share-based payments						(3) 11,033												(3) 11,033		 (3) 11,033
Balance as of December 31, 2023	\$	2,091,197	\$	-	\$	1,026,197	\$	1,163,891	\$	310,176	\$	3,560,533	\$	(196,494)	\$	31,802	\$	7,987,302	\$ 81,325	\$ 8,068,627
Balance as of January 1, 2024 Appropriation and distribution of 2023 earnings Legal reserve	\$	2,091,197	\$	-	\$	1,026,197	\$	1,163,891 44,548	\$	310,176	\$	3,560,533 (44,548)	\$	(196,494)	\$	31,802	\$	7,987,302	\$ 81,325	\$ 8,068,627
Cash dividends for common stocks Stock dividends for common stocks		104,560						(209,120) (2					(209,120)		(209,120)					
Reversal of special reserve Conversion of convertible bonds		353,360		13,653		1,288,025				(145,484)		145,484						1,655,038		1,655,038
Changes in other capital surplus Changes from investments in associates accounted for using the equity method						35												35		35
Net income for the for the year ended December 31, 2024												592,776						592,776	(60,288)	532,488
Other comprehensive income (loss) for the year ended December 31, 2024												17,314		127,496		465,128		609,938	460	610,398
Total comprehensive income				-		-		_		-		610,090		127,496		465,128		1,202,714	(59,828)	1,142,886
Disposal of investments accounted for using the equity method Share-based payments Disposal of equity instruments at fair value through other						(29) 8,088												(29) 8,088		(29) 8,088
Disposal of equity instruments at fair value through other comprehensive income												253,134				(253,134)				
Balance as of December 31, 2024	\$	2,549,117	\$	13,653	\$	2,322,316	\$	1,208,439	\$	164,692	\$	4,211,013	\$	(68,998)	\$	243,796	\$	10,644,028	\$ 21,497	\$ 10,665,525

(The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial statements.)

TAIFLEX SCIENTIFIC COMPANY LIMITED AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

For the Years Ended December 31, 2024 and 2023 (In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

<u>-</u>		2024	2023		
Cash flows from operating activities:	Φ.	5 04.000	Φ.	402.240	
Income before income tax	\$	701,000	\$	482,319	
Adjustments:					
Non-cash income and expense items:		50 5 5 4 4		125.05.1	
Depreciation		507,744		435,954	
Amortization		21,834		23,251	
Expected credit loss		58,005		2,962	
Net loss (gain) on financial assets (liabilities) at fair value through					
profit or loss		31,054		(5,345)	
Interest expense		31,345		32,456	
Interest income		(36,731)		(27,568)	
Dividend income		(10,574)		(15,647)	
Compensation costs of share-based payments		8,088		11,033	
Share of loss of associates accounted for using the equity method		2,109		11,162	
Loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment		33,450		308	
Gain on disposal of investments accounted for using the equity					
method		(4,178)		(807)	
Impairment loss of non-financial assets		26,228		-	
Others		42,595		70,461	
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:					
Increase in financial assets mandatorily at fair value through					
profit or loss		(31,721)		(20,009)	
Decrease (increase) in notes receivable		93,172		(18,887)	
Increase in accounts receivable		(90,736)		(107,478)	
Increase in other receivables		(43,729)		(17,471)	
(Increase) decrease in inventories		(285,197)		291,757	
Increase in prepayments		(12,481)		(11,009)	
Decrease (increase) in other current assets		453		(988)	
(Increase) decrease in other non-current assets		(786)		10,361	
(Decrease) increase in contract liabilities		(317)		715	
Increase in notes payable		23,183		18,176	
Increase in accounts payable		289,768		290,055	
Increase (decrease) in other payables		167,465		(47,942)	
Increase in other current liabilities		603		200	
Increase (decrease) in net defined benefit liabilities		4,000		(23,997)	
Cash generated from operations		1,525,646		1,384,022	
Interest received		35,223		28,997	
Dividend received		10,574		15,647	
Interest paid		(15,943)		(10,202)	
Income tax paid		(134,704)		(146,612)	
Net cash generated by operating activities		1,420,796		1,271,852	
The cash generated by operating activities		1,120,770		1,2/1,032	

(The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial statements.)

(Continued)

TAIFLEX SCIENTIFIC COMPANY LIMITED AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS-(Continued)

For the Years Ended December 31, 2024 and 2023 (In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

		2024	2023			
Cash flows from investing activities:						
Disposal of financial assets at fair value through other						
comprehensive income	\$	455,645	\$	-		
Acquisition of financial assets at amortized cost		(200,000)		-		
Disposal of financial assets at amortized cost		-		30,743		
Disposal of investments accounted for using the equity method		6,975		2,071		
Acquisition of property, plant and equipment		(693,200)		(1,015,157)		
Disposal of property, plant and equipment		15,591		92		
Increase in refundable deposits		(1,988)		(1,525)		
Acquisition of intangible assets		(8,057)		(1,210)		
Increase in other current assets - other financial assets - current		(885)		-		
Decrease in other current assets - other financial assets - current		-		320		
Net cash used in investing activities		(425,919)		(984,666)		
Cash flows from financing activities:						
Increase in short-term loans		124,924		-		
Decrease in short-term loans		-		(36,141)		
Increase in long-term loans		-		7,505		
Repayment of long-term loans		(37,648)		-		
Increase in guarantee deposits received		_		15,744		
Decrease in guarantee deposits received		(14,258)		-		
Repayment of lease principal		(29,097)		(32,381)		
Distribution of cash dividends		(209,120)		(522,799)		
Net cash used in financing activities		(165,199)		(568,072)		
Effect of evaluate aboves on each and each equivalents		04.248		(10.070)		
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents		94,248		(18,079)		
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		923,926		(298,965)		
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	Ф.	1,965,421	Φ.	2,264,386		
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	\$	2,889,347	\$	1,965,421		

(The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial statements.)

(Concluded)

Independent Auditors' Report and 2024 Parent Company Only Financial Statements

Independent Auditors' Report

To Taiflex Scientific Co., Ltd.

Audit opinion

We have audited the parent company only balance sheets of Taiflex Scientific Co., Ltd. (hereinafter referred to as "Taiflex" or "the Company") as of December 31, 2024 and 2023, and the related parent company only statements of comprehensive income, changes in equity and cash flows for the years then ended, and the notes to parent company only financial statements (including a summary on significant accounting policies).

In our opinion, the aforementioned parent company only financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial status of the Company as of December 31, 2024 and 2023, and its financial performance and cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers.

Basis for audit opinion

We conducted our audits in accordance with the Regulations Governing Financial Statement Audit and Attestation Engagements of Certified Public Accountants and auditing standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Parent Company Only Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Norm of Professional Ethics for Certified Public Accountant of the Republic of China ("the Norm"), and we have fulfilled our other responsibilities in accordance with the Norm. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Key audit matters

Key audit matters are ones that were of most significance in our audit of the parent company only financial statements of the Company for the year ended December 31, 2024 based on our professional judgment. These matters have been covered during the audit of the overall parent company only financial statements and in forming the audit opinion. We will not express a separate opinion on these matters. Key audit matters to be communicated on the independent auditors' report are stated as follows:

1. Impairment of receivables

Net receivables generated from the selling of flexible copper-clad laminate and cover-layer amounted to NT\$2,678,470 thousand and accounted for 20% of the Company's total assets as of December 31, 2024. Hence, it was considered a material item to the Company. Loss allowance for receivables was measured at an amount equal to lifetime expected credit losses. As the measurement of expected credit losses involved judgment, analysis and estimation and the outcome would affect the net receivables, the impairment of receivables was identified as a key audit matter.

Our audit procedures included, but not limited to, the assessment on the appropriateness of expected credit loss rate for receivables, i.e., tests on the effectiveness of internal control established by the management for receivables, random selection of customers for receivable confirmations, and verification of subsequent collections, in order to assess the recoverability of receivables. We tested the accuracy of aging, analyzed changes in aging, and assessed the reasonableness of receivables with longer collection terms.

We also considered the appropriateness of disclosures on receivables and associated risks in Notes 5 and 6 to the parent company only financial statements.

2. Inventory valuation

As of December 31, 2024, net inventories of flexible copper-clad laminate and cover-layer amounted to NT\$1,060,223 thousand; thus, it was a significant item to the Company. Due to uncertainties arising from rapid changes in product technologies, allowance for inventory obsolescence and valuation losses involved significant judgment of management. Hence, it was considered a key audit item.

Our audit procedures included, but not limited to, tests on the effectiveness of internal control established by the management for inventories, such as cost carryover of inventories, assessment on inventory status, evaluation on management's stocktaking plans, and on-site observation of stocktaking at major warehouses to ensure the quantities and conditions of inventories. We assessed the accuracy of inventory aging, analyzed movements in inventory aging, and considered the expected demand and market value of inventories. We evaluated management's analyses and assessments on obsolete inventories, including the estimations on the possibility of inventory realization and net realizable value, and tested whether the allowance for writing down inventories to their net realizable value was adequate.

We also considered the appropriateness of disclosures on inventories in Notes 5 and 6 to the parent company only financial statements.

Responsibilities of management and those charged with governance for the parent company only financial statements

The responsibilities of management are to prepare the parent company only financial statements with fair presentation in accordance with the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers and maintain necessary internal controls associated with the preparation in order to ensure the financial statements are free from material misstatement arising from fraud or error.

In preparing the parent company only financial statements, management is also responsible for assessing the ability of the Company in continuing as a going concern, disclosing associated matters and adopting the going concern basis of accounting unless the management intends to liquidate the Company or cease its operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance of the Company (including the Audit Committee) are responsible for supervising the financial reporting process.

Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the parent company only financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance on whether the parent company only financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement arising from fraud or error, and to issue an independent auditors' report. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with the auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error. If those amounts of misstatements, either individually or in the aggregate, could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of financial statements users, they are considered material.

We have exercised professional judgment and professional skepticism when carrying out auditing work according to the auditing standards. We also perform the following tasks:

- 1. Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement arising from fraud or error within the parent company only financial statements; design and execute appropriate counter-measures in response to those risks, and obtain sufficient and appropriate audit evidence to provide a basis for our opinion. Fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Therefore, the risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud or error is higher than for one resulting from error.
- 2. Understand internal controls relevant to the audit in order to design appropriate audit procedures under the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.
- 3. Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies adopted and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and relevant disclosures made by management.
- 4. Based on the audit evidence obtained, we conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and whether a material uncertainty exists for events or conditions that may cast significant doubts on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we are of the opinion that a material uncertainty exists, we shall remind users of the parent company only financial statements to pay attention to relevant disclosures in the notes to those statements within our audit report. If such disclosures are inadequate, we need to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditors' report. However, future events or conditions may result in the Company ceasing to continue as a going concern.
- 5. Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the parent company only financial statements (including relevant notes), and whether the parent company only financial statements adequately represent the underlying transactions and events.
- 6. Obtain sufficient and appropriate audit evidence concerning the financial information of entities within the group to express an opinion on the parent company only financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision, and performance of the audit on those investees and the preparation of an audit opinion on the group.

Matters communicated between us and the governance bodies include the planned scope and timing of the audit, and significant audit findings (including any significant deficiencies in internal control identified during the audit).

We also provide governance bodies with a declaration that we have complied with the Norm regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may possibly be deemed to impair our independence (including relevant preventive measures).

From the matters communicated with governance bodies, we determine the key audit matters within the audit of the Company's parent company only financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2024. We have clearly indicated such matters in the independent auditors' report, unless legal regulations prohibit the public disclosure of specific items, or in extremely rare cases, where we decided not to communicate over specific items in the independent auditors' report for it could be reasonably anticipated that the negative effects of such disclosure would be greater than the public interest it brings forth.

Ernst & Young, Taiwan

February 26, 2025

TAIFLEX SCIENTIFIC COMPANY LIMITED PARENT COMPANY ONLY BALANCE SHEETS

December 31, 2024 and 2023 (In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

Assets	Notes	Dec	ember 31, 2024	December 31, 2023		
Current assets						
Cash and cash equivalents	4, 6(1)	\$	1,924,786	\$	877,547	
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss -						
current	4, 6(2)		32,385		32,621	
Financial assets at amortized cost - current	4, 6(3)		200,000		-	
Notes receivable, net	4, 6(4)		576		444	
Accounts receivable, net	4, 6(5)		1,965,745		1,967,968	
Accounts receivable - related parties	6(5), 7		712,149		645,444	
Other receivables			36,789		25,764	
Other receivables - related parties	7		56,055		270,351	
Inventories, net	4, 6(6)		1,060,223		992,593	
Prepayments			20,785		18,366	
Other current assets	8		21,050		22,347	
Total current assets			6,030,543		4,853,445	
Non-current assets						
Financial assets at fair value through other						
comprehensive income - non-current	4, 6(7)		436,144		426,661	
Investments accounted for using the equity method	4, 6(8)		4,453,459		4,164,295	
Property, plant and equipment	4, 6(9)		2,206,847		2,400,662	
Right-of-use assets	4, 6(19)		197,922		238,488	
Intangible assets	4, 6(10)		67,304		77,368	
Deferred income tax assets	4, 6(22)		118,250		116,986	
Other non-current assets			7,346		6,529	
Total non-current assets			7,487,272		7,430,989	

(The accompanying notes are an integral part of the parent company only financial statements.)

(Continued)

TAIFLEX SCIENTIFIC COMPANY LIMITED PARENT COMPANY ONLY BALANCE SHEETS-(Continued)

December 31, 2024 and 2023

(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

Liabilities and Equity	Notes	December 31, 2024	December 31, 2023		
Current liabilities					
Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss -					
current	4, 6(11)	\$ 2,254	\$ 1,556		
Contract liabilities - current	4, 6(17)	190	9		
Notes payable		3	-		
Accounts payable		1,065,303	934,716		
Accounts payable - related parties	7	17,796	33,467		
Other payables		610,427	511,333		
Other payables - related parties	7	30,061	20,349		
Current income tax liabilities	4, 6(22)	228,373	203,214		
Lease liabilities - current	4, 6(19)	12,021	11,009		
Current portion of bonds	6(12)	-	1,891,501		
Other current liabilities		3,197	3,065		
Total current liabilities		1,969,625	3,610,219		
Non-current liabilities					
Bonds payable	6(12)	245,543	-		
Long-term loans	6(13)	200,000	200,000		
Deferred income tax liabilities	4, 6(22)	147,263	117,783		
Lease liabilities - non-current	4, 6(19)	196,357	236,488		
Net defined benefit liabilities - non-current	4, 6(14)	114,999	132,642		
Total non-current liabilities		904,162	686,913		
Total liabilities		2,873,787	4,297,132		
Equity					
Capital	6(15)				
Common stock		2,549,117	2,091,197		
Capital collected in advance		13,653	-		
Total capital		2,562,770	2,091,197		
Capital surplus	6(15)	2,322,316	1,026,197		
Retained earnings					
Legal reserve		1,208,439	1,163,891		
Special reserve		164,692	310,176		
Unappropriated earnings		4,211,013	3,560,533		
Total retained earnings		5,584,144	5,034,600		
Others	4	174,798	(164,692)		
Total equity		10,644,028	7,987,302		
Total liabilities and equity		\$ 13,517,815	\$ 12,284,434		

(The accompanying notes are an integral part of the parent company only financial statements.)

(Concluded)

TAIFLEX SCIENTIFIC COMPANY LIMITED PARENT COMPANY ONLY STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

For the Years Ended December 31, 2024 and 2023 (In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

	Notes	2024	2023
Operating revenue	4, 6(17), 7	\$ 8,215,429	\$ 6,837,677
Operating costs	4, 6(6,20), 7	(6,459,603)	(5,371,905)
Gross profit		1,755,826	1,465,772
Realized gain/(loss) on transactions with associates		(3,554)	3,555
Gross profit, net		1,752,272	1,469,327
Operating expenses	4, 6(20)		
Sales and marketing expenses		(330,536)	(299,188)
General and administrative expenses		(394,181)	(325,780)
Research and development expenses		(331,626)	(314,812)
Expected credit loss	6(18)	(23,257)	(2,990)
Total operating expenses		(1,079,600)	(942,770)
Operating income		672,672	526,557
Non-operating income and expenses	6(21)		
Interest income		26,224	17,384
Other income		37,965	42,797
Other gains and losses		97,861	(38,002)
Finance costs		(18,245)	(25,026)
Share of profit or loss of subsidiaries and associates accounted			
for using the equity method	4, 6(8)	(88,077)	(25,078)
Total non-operating income and expenses		55,728	(27,925)
Income before income tax		728,400	498,632
Income tax expense	4, 6(22)	(135,624)	(75,658)
Net income from continuing operations		592,776	422,974
Net income		592,776	422,974
Other comprehensive income (loss)	6(21)		
Items that will not be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss			
Remeasurement of defined benefit plan		21,643	28,134
Unrealized gain (loss) on investments in equity instruments			
at fair value through other comprehensive income		465,128	170,972
Income tax related to items that will not be reclassified		44.000	
subsequently	6(22)	(4,329)	(5,626)
Items that may be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss	6(21)	150 251	(24.050)
Exchange differences on translation of foreign operations		159,354	(31,859)
Income tax related to items that may be reclassified	6(22)	(21.050)	6 271
subsequently to profit or loss	6(22)	(31,858)	6,371
Total other comprehensive income (loss), net of tax		609,938	167,992
Total comprehensive income		\$ 1,202,714	\$ 590,966
To the AMTON	4 6(22)		
Earnings per share (NT\$)	4, 6(23)	Φ 2.53	Φ 1.02
Earnings per share - basic		\$ 2.53	\$ 1.93
Earnings per share - diluted		\$ 2.32	\$ 1.66

(The accompanying notes are an integral part of the parent company only financial statements.)

TAIFLEX SCIENTIFIC COMPANY LIMITED PARENT COMPANY ONLY STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

For the Years Ended December 31, 2024 and 2023 (In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

	C	apital			F	Retained Earning	gs			
Item	Common Stock	Colle	pital ected in vance	Capital Surplus	Legal Reserve	Special Reserve	Unappropriated Earnings	Exchange Differences on Translation of Foreign Operations	Unrealized Gain (Loss) on Financial Assets at Fair Value through Other Comprehensive Income	Total Equity
Balance as of January 1, 2023 Appropriation and distribution of 2022 earnings Legal reserve Special reserve Cash dividends for common stocks	\$ 2,091,197	\$	-	\$ 1,140,566	\$ 1,089,400 74,491	\$ 235,996 74,180	\$ 3,661,049 (74,491) (74,180) (397,327)	\$ (171,006)	\$ (139,170)	\$ 7,908,032
Changes in other capital surplus Changes from investments in associates accounted for using the equity method Cash dividends from capital surplus				916 (125,472)						916 (125,472)
Net income for the year ended December 31, 2023							422,974			422,974
Other comprehensive income (loss) for the year ended December 31, 2023							22,508	(25,488)	170,972	167,992
Total comprehensive income			<u> </u>	-		-	445,482	(25,488)	170,972	590,966
Disposal of investments accounted for using the equity method Share-based payments				(3) 10,190						(3) 10,190
Balance as of December 31, 2023	\$ 2,091,197	\$		\$ 1,026,197	\$ 1,163,891	\$ 310,176	\$ 3,560,533	\$ (196,494)	\$ 31,802	\$ 7,987,302
Balance as of January 1, 2024 Appropriation and distribution of 2023 earnings Legal reserve Cash dividends for common stocks Stock dividends for common stocks Reversal of special reserve Conversion of convertible bonds	\$ 2,091,197 104,560 353,360	1	13,653	\$ 1,026,197 1,288,025	\$ 1,163,891 44,548	\$ 310,176 (145,484)	\$ 3,560,533 (44,548) (209,120) (104,560) 145,484	\$ (196,494)	\$ 31,802	\$ 7,987,302 (209,120) - 1,655,038
Changes in other capital surplus Changes from investments in associates accounted for using the equity method				394						394
Net income for the for the year ended December 31, 2024							592,776			592,776
Other comprehensive income (loss) for the year ended December 31, 2024							17,314	127,496	465,128	609,938
Total comprehensive income				-		-	610,090	127,496	465,128	1,202,714
Disposal of investments accounted for using the equity method Share-based payments Disposal of equity instruments at fair value through other comprehensive income				(29) 7,729			253,134		(253,134)	(29) 7,729
•								h (60.672)		
Balance as of December 31, 2024	\$ 2,549,117	<u> </u>	13,653	\$ 2,322,316	\$ 1,208,439	\$ 164,692	\$ 4,211,013	\$ (68,998)	\$ 243,796	\$ 10,644,028

(The accompanying notes are an integral part of the parent company only financial statements.)

TAIFLEX SCIENTIFIC COMPANY LIMITED PARENT COMPANY ONLY STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

For the Years Ended December 31, 2024 and 2023 (In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

	2024		2023	
Cash flows from operating activities:				
Income before income tax	\$	728,400	\$	498,632
Adjustments:				
Non-cash income and expense items:				
Depreciation		317,150		297,835
Amortization		19,629		21,333
Expected credit loss		23,257		2,990
Net loss (gain) on financial assets (liabilities) at fair value through				
profit or loss		30,991		(5,200)
Interest expense		18,245		25,026
Interest income		(26,224)		(17,384)
Dividend income		(10,574)		(15,647)
Compensation costs of share-based payments		7,729		10,190
Share of loss of associates accounted for using the equity method		88,077		25,078
Gain on disposal of property, plant and equipment		(675)		-
Gain on disposal of investments accounted for using the equity				
method		(3,914)		(807)
Others		34,416		37,924
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:				
Increase in financial assets mandatorily at fair value through				
profit or loss		(31,720)		(20,009)
Increase in notes receivable		(132)		(85)
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable		(21,034)		102,082
Increase in accounts receivable - related parties		(66,705)		(36,691)
(Increase) decrease in other receivables		(9,493)		462
Decrease (increase) in other receivables - related parties		214,296		(197,333)
(Increase) decrease in inventories		(101,696)		238,320
Increase in prepayments		(2,419)		(4,253)
Decrease (increase) in other current assets		1,424		(1,195)
Increase in contract liabilities		181		9
Increase in notes payable		3		-
Increase in accounts payable		130,587		285,987
Decrease in accounts payable - related parties		(15,671)		(24,878)
Increase (decrease) in other payables		160,723		(35,905)
Increase in other payables - related parties		9,712		4,523
Increase (decrease) in other current liabilities		3,910		(3,444)
Increase (decrease) in net defined benefit liabilities		4,000		(18,371)
Cash generated from operations		1,502,473		1,169,189
Interest received		24,692		18,839
Dividend received		51,061		15,647
Interest paid		(3,451)		(3,369)
Income tax paid		(118,436)		(145,311)
Net cash generated by operating activities		1,456,339		1,054,995
<i>J</i> 1 <i>J</i>		, -,		, ,

(The accompanying notes are an integral part of the parent company only financial statements.)

(Continued)

TAIFLEX SCIENTIFIC COMPANY LIMITED PARENT COMPANY ONLY STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS-(Continued)

For the Years Ended December 31, 2024 and 2023 (In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

	2024		2023	
Cash flows from investing activities:				_
Disposal of financial assets at fair value through other				
comprehensive income	\$	455,645	\$	-
Acquisition of financial assets at amortized cost		(200,000)		-
Disposal of financial assets at amortized cost		-		30,743
Acquisition of investments accounted for using the equity method		(265,393)		(370,609)
Disposal of investments accounted for using the equity method		7,520		2,071
Acquisition of property, plant and equipment		(173,664)		(499,024)
Disposal of property, plant and equipment		1,060		169,354
Increase in refundable deposits		(817)		(55)
Acquisition of intangible assets		(7,601)		(243)
Increase in other current assets - other financial assets - current		(127)		(69)
Net cash used in investing activities		(183,377)		(667,832)
Cash flows from financing activities:				
Decrease in short-term loans		=		(190,000)
Repayment of long-term loans		-		(2,000)
Repayment of lease principal		(16,603)		(15,501)
Distribution of cash dividends		(209,120)		(522,799)
Net cash used in financing activities		(225,723)		(730,300)
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		1,047,239		(343,137)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period		877,547		1,220,684
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	\$	1,924,786	\$	877,547

(The accompanying notes are an integral part of the parent company only financial statements.)

(Concluded)

Attachment III - Comparison Table of Amendments to Articles of Incorporation

Article	Before the Amendment	After the Amendment	Basis and Reasons
Article 28		compensation to employees shall not be lower than five percent of the balance, of which no less than two and a half percent shall be allocated to non-executive employees, and	Paragraph 6, Article 14 of the Securities and Exchange Act, companies with shares listed on a stock exchange or traded over-the-counter
Article 34	was established after approval of all promoters on August 5, 1997. It took effect on the date when the competent authority approved the registration. The first amendment was made on October 17, 1997. The second amendment was made on November 1, 1997. The third amendment was made on December 8, 1997. The fourth amendment was made on April 23, 1998. The fifth amendment was made on March 6, 1999. The sixth amendment was made on April 15, 2000. The seventh amendment was made on April 14, 2001.	on December 8, 1997. The fourth amendment was made on April 23, 1998. The fifth amendment was made on March 6, 1999.	To add the

The ninth amendment was made on May 26, 2003. The tenth amendment was made on May 28, 2004. The eleventh amendment was made on May 28, 2004. The twelfth amendment was made on May 18, 2005. The thirteenth amendment was made on June 17, 2005. The thirteenth amendment was made on August 28, 2006. The fifteenth amendment was made on August 28, 2006. The fifteenth amendment was made on May 9, 2007. The sixteenth amendment was made on June 3, 2008. The seventeenth amendment was made on June 18, 2010. The eighteenth amendment was made on June 17, 2013. The twenty-first amendment was made on June 17, 2013. The twenty-first amendment was made on May 27, 2016. The twenty-third amendment was made on May 27, 2016. The twenty-first amendment was made on May 27, 2016. The twenty-first amendment was made on May 28, 2020. The twenty-first amendme	Article	Before the Amendment	After the Amendment	Basis and Reasons
	Article	The ninth amendment was made on May 26, 2003. The tenth amendment was made on May 28, 2004. The eleventh amendment was made on May 28, 2004. The twelfth amendment was made on June 17, 2005. The thirteenth amendment was made on June 17, 2005. The fourteenth amendment was made on August 28, 2006. The fifteenth amendment was made on May 9, 2007. The sixteenth amendment was made on June 3, 2008. The seventeenth amendment was made on June 18, 2010. The eighteenth amendment was made on June 19, 2011. The nineteenth amendment was made on June 13, 2012. The twentieth amendment was made on June 17, 2013. The twentieth amendment was made on June 24, 2014. The twenty-first amendment was made on May 27, 2016. The twenty-third amendment was made on May 26, 2017. The twenty-fourth amendment was made on May 28, 2020. The twenty-fifth amendment was made on July 16, 2021. The twenty-sixth amendment	The ninth amendment was made on May 26, 2003. The tenth amendment was made on May 28, 2004. The eleventh amendment was made on May 28, 2004. The twelfth amendment was made on June 17, 2005. The thirteenth amendment was made on June 17, 2005. The fourteenth amendment was made on August 28, 2006. The fifteenth amendment was made on May 9, 2007. The sixteenth amendment was made on June 3, 2008. The seventeenth amendment was made on June 18, 2010. The eighteenth amendment was made on June 18, 2011. The nineteenth amendment was made on June 13, 2012. The twentieth amendment was made on June 17, 2013. The twentieth amendment was made on June 24, 2014. The twenty-first amendment was made on May 27, 2016. The twenty-third amendment was made on May 26, 2017. The twenty-fourth amendment was made on May 28, 2020. The twenty-fifth amendment was made on May 28, 2021. The twenty-sixth amendment was made on May 26, 2021. The twenty-sixth amendment was made on May 26, 2022. The twenty-sixth amendment was made on May 26, 2022.	Basis and Reasons